

TC
SAKARYA ÜNİVERSİTESİ
YABANCI DİLLER BÖLÜMÜ BAŞKANLIĞI

1. SINIFLAR

MUAF YET

SINAVI

A

KİTAPÇIĞI

1992

SINAVDA UYGULANACAK KURALLAR

- Sınav sırasında her ne sebeple olursa olsun sınav salonundan dı arıya çıkıp tekrar içeriye girmek yasaktır. Dı arıya çıkan ö renciler tekrar içeriye alınmayacaktır
- Sınav süresince görevlilerle konu ulmayacak ve on lara soru sorulmayacaktır. Ö rencilerin birbirlerinden kalem, silgi vb eyleri istemeleri yasaktır.
- Sınav sırasında görevlilerin her türlü uyarılarına uymak zorundasınız. Gerekli inde görevliler oturdu unuz yeri de de i tirebilir. Sınavınızın geçerli sayılması, her eyden önce sınav kurallarına uymanıza ba lıdır. Kurallara aykırı davranı ta bulunur ve yapılacak uyarılara uymazsanız kimli iniz tutana a yazılacak ve sınavınız geçersiz sayılacaktır.
- Sınav sırasında kopya çeken, çekmeye te ebbüs eden, kopya ver en, kopya çekilmesine yardım edenlerin kimlikleri salon sınav tutana na yazılacak ve bu adayların sınavları geçersiz sayılacaktır. Görevliler kopya çekmeye veya vermeye çalı anları uyarmak zorunda de ildir. Sorumluluk size aittir.
- Cevap ka ıdına yazılacak her türlü yazıda ve yapılacak bütün i lemlerde kur unkalem kullanılacaktır. Tükenmez veya dolma kalem kesinlikle kullanılmayacaktır.
- Cevapların cevap ka ıdına i aretlenmi olması gereklidir. Soru kitapçı na i aretlenen cevaplar geçerli de ildir.
- Sınav ba ladıktan sonra ilk yarım saat ve son be dakika içinde adayların sınav salonundan çıkmaları yasaktır.
- Sınav salonundan ayrılmadan önce soru kitapçı nı ve cevap ka ıdınızı salon görevlilerine teslim etmeyi unutmayınız.

DİKKAT :

Adını Soyadını ve Numarasını doğru kodlamayanlar ile kitapçık türünü işaretlemeyenlerin sınavları değerlendirilmeyecektir.

Sorumluluk öğrencilere aittir.

BU KİTAPÇIĞIN TÜRÜ: A

1 - 73. Sorularda cümlede boş bırakılan yere uygun dü en kelime veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

- 1) James goes to university by bus.
a) the / a
b) a / the
c) the / the
d) an / the
e) - / -
- 2) Jane was studying when suddenly doorbell rang.
a) a
b) an
c) ----
d) the
e) some
- 3) In Turkey most children go at the age of seven.
a) school
b) to school
c) to the school
d) an school
e) to some schools
- 4) Jason is not honest man. You shouldn't trust him.
a) the
b) a
c) an
d) some
e) ---
- 5) One of most important problems of United Kingdom is terror.
a) the / the
b) the / a
c) a / the
d) a / an
e) - / -
- 6) Maria the dishes at the moment.
a) washes
b) was washing
c) has washed
d) is washing
e) washed
- 7) Last semester, we the history of Pompeii..
a) study
b) studies
c) were studied
d) have studied
e) studied
- 8) The teacher usually to class on time.
a) comes
b) is coming
c) coming
d) come
e) comed
- 9) We a test now.
a) take
b) are taking
c) being taken
d) takes
e) were took
- 10) The students for their final exams tomorrow.
a) are sat
b) sits
c) is sitting
d) sat
e) will sit

- 11) I can't drive any further. The car in the snow.
a) stick b) is stuck c) was stuck
d) to be stuck e) stuck
- 12) Itthat by the year 2010, a billion and a half people will be speaking English fluently.
a) estimated b) to estimate c) is estimated
d) is to estimate e) estimates
- 13) My wife bought some vegetables and fruits at the supermarket yesterday.
a) freeze b) being frozen c) froze
d) to be frozen e) frozen
- 14) I can't study right now, because there is too much noise. The bridge behind our house
a) is being repaired b) is repaired c) is repairing
d) repaired e) repairs
- 15) That's not my coat. It to Loise.
a) is being belonged b) is belonged c) belongs
d) belong e) belonging
- 16) Bread from flour.
a) makes b) is made c) was make
d) has made e) made
- 17) I'm very lucky. I've never had to have my TV
a) repaired b) repairing c) repair
d) get repaired e) to repair
- 18) I think that if you how far the city center was, you to walk with me.
a) would have known / hadn't attempted
b) have known / won't attempt
c) know / won't attempt
d) know / wouldn't attempt
e) had known / wouldn't have attempted
- 19) What would you do tomorrow if youa millionaire?
a) are b) were c) will be d) have been e) can be

- 20) Unless you ice, it
- a) heat / melts b) heat / doesn't melt c) don't heat / melts
d) will heat / melts e) don't heat / doesn't melt
- 21) If a studentto pass all the exams, he regularly.
- a) will want / should study
b) wants / could have studied
c) wanted / had studied
d) had wanted / would have studies
e) wants / has to study
- 22) If hethe money, hein prison now.
- a) hadn't stolen / wouldn't be
b) didn't steal / wouldn't have been
c) would steal / were
d) stole / would have been
e) had stolen / will be
- 23) My auntto me if shemy address.
- a) will write / knew
b) will be written / had known
c) would have written / has known
d) would have written / had known
e) will have written / knows
- 24) I cannot remember the reasonhe wanted us to leave .
- a) which b) why c) who d) what e) whose
- 25) She didn't see the snakewas lying under the pine tree.
- a) which b) where c) who d) whose e) why
- 26) Professor Clark was a celebrated academic brilliance inspired everyone.
- a) which b) who c) whose d) where e) that
- 27) Who was the girl, you were talking to at the meeting of the youth conference?
- a) which b) when c) whose d) whom e) that
- 28) I did not like the market I bought this chair.
- a) when b) who c) which d) whose e) where

- 29) Secondary school students study in Chinese-medium schools find it difficult to speak English.
a) who b) whose c) which d) where e) whom
- 30) I don't like the new fridge stands in the kitchen.
a) that b) who c) whose d) where e) when
- 31) you please bring me my notebook?
a) If b) May c) Would d) Should e) Might
- 32) It yesterday. It's wet everywhere.
a) should have rained b) could rain c) would rain
d) must have rained e) has rained
- 33) You talk like that. It's a shame.
a) don't have to b) won't c) shouldn't
d) don't e) wouldn't have
- 34) You harder. You didn't study at all.
a) can't have studied b) can't study c) would study
d) should have studied e) may study
- 35) Jerry at home last night. We were at the cinema together.
a) weren't be b) can't have been c) shouldn't have been
d) didn't come e) may have been
- 36) I think you study harder. It will be a really hard exam.
a) should b) would c) has to d) can e) did
- 37) John ride a bike. He has never learnt how to do it.
a) may not b) might not c) shouldn't d) can't e) can
- 38) you like a glass of water or a cup of tea?
a) could b) shall c) would d) may e) might
- 39) Mobile phones be switched off in cinemas and theatres so as not to disturb the audience.
a) may b) has to c) should d) can't e) might
- 40) University students wear a tie at school anymore.
a) should b) has to c) would
d) have to e) don't have to

- 41) You smoke in a closed area. It's a real threat for other people's health.
a) won't b) mustn't c) don't have to
d) may not e) might not
- 42) You should your car It is so dirty.
a) has / wash b) have / washed c) have / wash
d) have been / washing e) - / washed

43- 46. soruları a a ıdaki parçaya göre yanıtlayınız.

All firms spend a great deal of money on advertising their goods, and when we buy these goods we have to pay extra to cover the cost of advertisements. Still, most of us do get a certain amount of pleasure out of advertisements themselves, especially out of the ones on the radio and the television.

Further, newspapers and magazines are sold to us cheaply because publishers collect a lot of money from advertisers.

- 43) Advertisements are
- a) often entertaining. b) expensive and useless. c) sold to us cheaply.
d) published only in newspapers. e) useless.
- 44) All firms
- a) advertise on the radio.
b) sell their advertisements cheaply to magazines.
c) should be banned from advertising on the television.
d) do not wish to spend any money on advertising
e) put aside a certain amount of money for advertisement
- 45) Newspapers
- a) are cheaper than magazines.
b) are published by advertisers.
c) would cost more if they did not print advertisements.
d) are advertised on the radio.
e) are sold more than magazines
- 46) According to the passage which statement isn't true
- a) Advertisements are sold by newspapers.
b) Consumers pay extra due to cost of advertisements.
c) All firms spend a lot of money for their advertisements.
d) Advertisers are a good source of income for the publishers.
e) Many people like advertisements on the radio and television

47-50 . soruları verilen parçaya göre cevaplayınız

How does a butterfly grow? It starts out as a tiny egg. It becomes a caterpillar. It eats lots of leaves. It grows and grows. Then it goes inside a cocoon. At last, it comes out. It's a butterfly! How does a frog grow? It starts out as a tiny egg in the water. The egg grows into a tadpole. It keeps changing. It eats tiny plants. It grows and grows. At last, it hops out of the pond. It's a frog! How does a flower grow? It starts out as a seed. Sun and rain help the seed grow. Roots grow into the ground. The plant grows and grows. At last, a bud opens. It's a flower! Now you know how they grow.

47) What do you think the butterfly will do next?

- a) turn into a frog b) sing a song c) fly away
d) swim in the water e) become a caterpillar

48) Where does a tadpole live?

- a) in a tree b) under a rock c) in the sky
d) in the water e) on the rocks

49) Read this sentence from the story.

“At last, it hops out of the pond.”

What does *hops* mean?

- a) runs b) falls c) jumps
d) swims e) blow

50) It can be deduced from the passage that....

- a) Seeds directly become flowers with the help of sun.
b) Butterflies become caterpillars.
c) Some creatures like butterflies and frogs have long lives because they need a lot of time to change.
d) The animals and plants have no resemblance while changing.
e) Some creatures have surprising evolution before they get their final shape.

**SINAV BİTİT ! CEVAPLARINIZI KONTROL EDİNİZ VE
KARTAPÇIKTÜRÜNÜ ALAN ZEMİN OLUNUZ**

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